



SHANTI MISSION ACADEMY

AFFILIATED TO CBSE DELHI, UPTO + 2 LEVEL

BARIAHI BAZAR, SAHARSA- 852212 (BIHAR)

TERM II – EXAMINATION (2025-26)

SUB: - SST

CLASS: VI

F M -80

TIME: -3 Hours

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper has Four Sections – A-History, B-Geography C- Civics and D- Economics
3. Each Section A,B,C and D are of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with four sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions, carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9. In Section A-History (2 marks) and Q19. In Section B -Geography (3 marks)
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

SECTION- A

History (20 Marks)

- Q1. The public bath in Harappa called? 1
a) Tank b) Canal c) Great Bath d) Reservoir
- Q2. Name the coastal town of Indus valley civilisation: 1
a) Harappa b) Dholavira c) Lothal d) Non of these
- Q3. Identify the given image:. 1



- a) Mrs. Draupadi Murmu b) Indira Gandhi (c) Sarojini Naidu (d) None of these
- Q4. What are the basic foods for all Indians called? 1

- a) Spices. b) Common grains c) Staple grains d) None of these

Q5. Who wrote Ramayana and Mahabharata ? 2

OR

Define pluralism.

Q6. What are food for all? 3

Q7. Write any five reasons behind the decline of Harappa Civilization. 5

OR

Write any five features of a civilization.

Q8. Case-Based Questions:-

Read the passage and answer the questions:-

Bharatavarsha and Jambudvipa: Ancient Names for the Subcontinent

When do we come across a name for the entire Indian Subcontinent? Because ancient Indian texts are difficult to date, this is not an easy question to answer. The Mahabharata uses the terms 'Bharatavarsha' and 'Jambudvipa', and scholars generally agree that this long poem was written from a few centuries BCE onward. The first word 'Bharatavarsha' apparently extends over the entire subcontinent, and the inscription includes the names of many rivers and people. 'Bharatavarsha' means 'nation of India'. The name 'Bharat' first appears in the Rig Veda, where it refers to one of the major groups of Vedic peoples. In later literature, many kings are mentioned under the name 'Bharat'. This apparently extends over the entire subcontinent, and the inscription includes the names of many rivers and people. 'Bharatavarsha' means 'nation of India'. The name 'Bharat' first appears in the Rig Veda, where it refers to one of the major groups of Vedic peoples. In later literature, many kings are mentioned under the name 'Bharat'.

Questions:-

1. What is the meaning of Bharatavarsha? 1
2. Where does first word 'Bharat' appears? 1
3. According to above given passage what is the another name of Bharatavarsha? 1
4. In later literature, many _____ are mentioned under the name 'Bharat'? 1

Map skills- Based Questions (2 Marks)

Q9. On the political map of India locate the following places :

- a. Lothal
- b. Rakhigarhi

SECTION -B

Geography (20 Marks)

Q10. Andes Mountain is located in: 1

- a) South Africa b) Asia c) South America d) Europe

Q11. Vertical and horizontal displacement of blocks is known as: 1

- a) Folding b) Volcano c) Earthquake d) Faulting

Q12. Where is Pampas located? 1

- a) In Argentina b) In India c) Both a and b d) None of these

Q13. **Assertion (A):** Mountains have colder climate than plains. 1

Reason (R): Higher altitude results in lower temperature.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.

d) A is false, but R is true.

Q14. Malabar coastal plain is example of: 1

a) Structural Plains b) Alluvial Plains c) Glacial Plains d) None of these

Q15. Choose the correct statement from the given options: 1

Statement (I): Valleys are good for agriculture .

Statement (II): Valleys often have rivers that provide water and make the soil fertile.

(a) Statement (I) only. (b) Statement (ii) only

(c) Both Statement (I) and (ii) (d) None of the above

Q16. Write any two differences between Mountain and Plains. 2

Q17. Write any five usefulness of Plains. 5

Q18. **Read the passage and answer the following questions:**

The Antarctica is the coldest, driest and windiest continent with 98% of its landmass covered by the ice. Australia is both country and the continent and it is the smallest and flattest of all the continents. Europe and Asia are technically part of the same landmass, forming the supercontinent Eurasia. South America is the home to the Amazon Rainforest, the largest tropical rainforest in the world, which produces 20% of the Earth's oxygen. North America is the only continent with every type of climate, from Arctic to warm tropical in the Caribbean.

Questions:

1. Which continent is the coldest continent? 1

2. Which two continents are technically the part of same landmass? 1

3. In which continent Amazon Rainforest found? 1

4. Which is the smallest continent? 1

Map skills -Based Questions (3 Marks)

Q19. Identify and locate the following on the same given outline map of India:

a. Aravalli Mountain Range

b. River Ganga

c. Capital of Bihar

SECTION - C

CIVICS (20 Marks)

Q20. Gram Sabha voters are not less than _____ of age. 1

a) 18 years b) 19 years c) 20 years d) 21 years

Q21. Panchayat means a committee of : 1

a) 7 people b) 6 people c) 5 people d) All of these

Q22. **Assertion (A):** Gram Panchayat meets regularly.

Reason (R): One of its main task is to implement the development programs for all villages that come under it. 1

Options:

a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is true, but R is false.

d) A is false, but R is true.

Q23. Given image of Municipality is located in which state of India? 1



- a) Bihar b) Delhi c) West Bengal d) None of these
- Q24. What are the sources of fund for Gram / Village Panchayat? 2
- Q25. Define quarantine and antibiotics. 2
- Q26. Write down the three differences between Gram Panchayat and Municipality. 3
- Q27. Write any five functions of Municipality? 5

Q28. Read the passage and answer the following:

The most striking ones are India's two great epics, the Ramayana and the Mahabharata. These are two long Sanskrit poems. This adds up to nearly 7,000 pages in the original edition. It tells the story of heroes fighting to reestablish Dharma. In the Mahabharata, the Pandavas with the help of Lord Krishna fought against their own relatives, the Kauravas, to reclaim their kingdom in the Ramayana, Rama, with the help of his brother Lakshmana and of Hanuman, defeated the demon Ravana who had kidnapped his wife Sita. Includes many short stories that emphasize values and constantly ask questions about right and wrong.

Questions:

1. Write the name of two epics mentioned in passage. 1
2. With whom Pandavas fought in Mahabharata ? 1
3. Who kidnapped the Mata Sita in Ramayana? 1
4. Who was defeated in Ramayana? 1

SECTION -C
ECONOMICS (20 Marks)

- Q29. What is the main goal of economic activities? 1
- a) To have fun b) To make money and produce goods or services
- c) To play games with friends d) To relax at home
- Q30. Which of the following is an example of an economic activity? 1
- a) Painting b) Teaching in school c) Volunteering d) Helping friends
- Q31. Non-economic activities are primarily motivated by: 1
- a) The desire for profit b) Personal or Social satisfaction
- c) Earning a livelihood d) None of these
- Q32. Which of the following is an example of primary sector? 1
- (a) Agriculture (b) Fishing (c) Both a and b. (d) Non of these
- Q33. Which of the following is an example of tertiary sector? 1
- a) Mining (b) Vehicle manufacturing (c) Transportation services (d) Farming
- Q34. Which sector is essential for transforming raw materials into finished products? 1
- a) Primary sector b) Secondary sector c) Tertiary sector d) Quaternary sector
- Q35. Write any three differences between Economic and Non- Economic Activities. 3
- Q36. Write any three differences between Primary sector and Tertiary sector? 3

Q37. What is the significance of economic activities in driving national and global economics? 3

Q38. Define Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Activity with examples.

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